

**The attached Management’s Discussion  
and Analysis – Quarterly Highlights  
for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 (“MD&A”)  
is being filed on SEDAR  
to augment disclosures relating primarily to reconciliations  
between discontinued operations and continuing operations  
arising from the decision in the second quarter of 2015  
to divest two subsidiaries and the divestiture of those subsidiaries  
in the third quarter of 2015, as well as to correct certain clerical errors  
in the previously filed MD&A for the same period.**



**AMENDED AND RESTATED (SECOND RESTATEMENT)  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

**INTERIM MD&A - QUARTERLY HIGHLIGHTS**

SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

January 18, 2017

This Amended and Restated Interim Management's Discussion and Analysis – Quarterly Highlights (MD&A) contains management's interpretation of Starrex International Ltd.'s performance for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016. While the financial statements reflect actual financial results, the Amended and Restated Interim MD&A – Quarterly Highlights explains these results from management's perspective and provides the Company's plans and budget for subsequent periods ahead. This Amended and Restated Interim MD&A – Quarterly Highlights is dated January 18, 2017.

This Amended and Restated Interim MD&A – Quarterly Highlights should be read in conjunction with the Company's unaudited restated condensed interim consolidated financial statements as at and for the periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 and related notes. Together, the Amended and Restated Interim MD&A – Quarterly Highlights and financial statements provide key information about the Company's performance and ability to meet its objectives.

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## Important information about this MD&A

- The information in this MD&A is prepared as of January 18, 2017.
- The terms “we”, “us,” “our,” and “Company” refer to Starrex International Ltd.
- This MD&A contains forward-looking information and statements regarding strategies, objectives, expected operations and financial results, which are based on the Company's current views of future events and financial performance. Key risks and uncertainties are discussed in the Risks and risk management section of this MD&A. However some risks and uncertainties are beyond the control of the Company and are difficult to predict. Actual future outcomes may substantially differ from the expectations stated or implied in this MD&A.
- The words “believe,” “plan,” “intend,” “estimate,” “expect,” “anticipate,” and similar expressions, as well as future conditional verbs, such as “will,” “should,” “would,” and “could” often identify forward-looking statements.
- The words “plan” and “budget” are synonymous in this MD&A and are used interchangeably. Both describe the planned budget revenue and expenses for the related fiscal year.
- Unless otherwise specified, references to a year refer to the Company's fiscal year ended December 31, 2015.
- All financial information related to 2016 and 2015 has been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). For more information, see the notes to the financial statements, in particular, Note 3 *Significant Accounting Policies*.
- Amounts shown in this MD&A are expressed in United States Dollars, unless otherwise specified.
- Due to rounding, some variances may not reconcile and analysis of components may not sum to the analysis for the grouped components.

## About Starrex International Ltd.

A summary of our business, core values and goals

Starrex International Ltd. ("Starrex") is an emerging financial services company, sitting inactive for many years until the end of November 2013. The Company completed its initial business acquisition in the third quarter of 2014.

Our primary business operations are conducted through our wholly-owned subsidiary, Property Interlink, LLC, a United States Colorado limited liability company ("Property Interlink"). Property Interlink is a licensed appraisal management company ("AMC") providing objective and comprehensive evaluations of residential real estate. An appraisal management company is defined as an independent entity through which mortgage lenders order residential real estate valuation services for properties on which they are considering extending loans to homebuyers.

As of June 30, 2016, Property Interlink is active in twenty-five states. Property Interlink provides residential appraisals to third parties in the United States. In exchange for these contractual services, the Company charges a specific rate, with additional premiums charged for extenuating circumstances with respect to geographic location of the property and size of the property under review. Property Interlink also performs review services for repairs and new construction.

Property Interlink contributes to correlating industry-specific affiliations by actively participating in the Appraisal Institute and other U.S. appraisal organizations.

From time to time, the mortgage industry will pass new regulations or amend existing regulations that impact the appraisal industry with respect to pricing. When this occurs, the Company's compliance personnel provides guidance relative to company-wide rate changes that may be needed to ensure financial viability and shareholder value. These changes are discussed and approved by Senior Management, then implemented accordingly.

Company management continues to regularly review and evaluate unsolicited merger and/or acquisition ("M&A") transactions - in diverse financial, resource and industrial business sectors.

Starrex shares are traded on the Canadian Securities Exchange under symbol STX and on the OTC QB in the United States under symbol STXMF.

Copies of all relevant financial documents, including the annual and interim Company filings to date, may be referenced on the regulatory filings website [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).

## Core Values

Starrex is committed to its shareholders by consistently focusing on continued growth in volume, as well as positive net income per share. This is achieved by well managed operations and executing strategic operations.

Our primary focus in Property Interlink is results oriented customer service, with employee development a cornerstone to the success of the subsidiary.



## Vision & Goals

- To acquire and invest in well managed, profitable businesses in a manner that creates value for all parties.
- To deliver the best level of service available in the appraisal management and real estate business sector.
- To provide business and financial transparency to our shareholders and investors.

For more information about Starrex, please see our website at [www.starrexintl.com](http://www.starrexintl.com).

## Operating Results

A summary of our financial results and discussion of revenue and expenses

Property Interlink has developed an internal staffing model which creates additional net profit for each appraisal that is completed. This model affords the Company more control over internal associates versus that over an independent contractor, which reduces turnaround time and improved process efficiency for appraisal management. This model was implemented during the first quarter of 2015, with steady increases in the revenue earned per appraisal month over month.

The operations and revenue of Property Interlink are directly affected by United States housing market condition and trends.

### Selected two-year quarterly information

	Q2*	Q1*	Q4	Q3*	Q2*	Q1*	Q4	Q3
	2016	2016	2015	2015	2015	2015	2014	2014
Revenue	1,698,277	1,335,990	1,308,835	1,504,880	1,589,415	1,494,474	1,579,982	622,989
Loss from continuing operations	(229,199)	(248,165)	(203,963)	(317,868)	(55,253)	(272,036)	(1,135,460)	(243,788)
Loss and comprehensive loss	(229,199)	(248,165)	(172,416)	(243,857)	(286,092)	(272,036)	(1,478,448)	(170,812)
EBITDA	(171,445)	(192,553)	(225,382)	(186,636)	(231,502)	(123,892)	(1,380,259)	(170,812)
Total assets	4,050,910	4,230,945	4,271,665	4,460,543	5,245,125	5,491,961	5,672,606	6,151,395
Total liabilities	1,117,743	1,070,999	863,555	730,715	1,516,057	1,547,838	1,456,447	1,104,487
Shareholders' Equity	2,933,167	3,159,945	3,408,110	3,729,828	3,729,068	3,944,123	4,216,159	5,046,908
Net loss per share for continuing operations	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.00)	(0.02)	(0.10)	(0.03)
Basic and diluted loss per share	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.13)	(0.02)

**\*Financial Statements for this period have been amended and restated.**

<sup>(1)</sup> See comments below regarding prior period adjustments.

<sup>(2)</sup> Due to certain post-period reclassifications, certain amounts stated for quarterly revenue and losses do not aggregate to the year-to-date amounts in the Company's interim financial statements. See comments below.

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2016, management reported an additional \$2,421 in depreciation and amortization expenses in prior period adjustments which impacted the six-month loss and comprehensive loss by \$2,421. The reported loss and comprehensive loss for the three-month period ended June 30, 2016 was \$229,199. However, with the prior period adjustment, the loss and comprehensive loss for the three-month period ended June 30, 2016 is \$226,778 as adjusted in the tables below:

As at June 30, 2016	Reclass	As reported	Adjustment	Ending Bal
Depreciation and amortization	110,395	107,974	(2,421)	105,553

The Company restated its annual financial statements for the period ended December 31, 2015 as well as the interim unaudited financial statements for the periods ended June 30, 2015 and September 30, 2015. Subsequently, management reconciled and corrected revenue associated with discontinued operations that were not included in the Notes to those financial statements. Specifically, \$94,309 in revenue was reclassified to both continuing operations and discontinued operations as a result of the restatement due to divestiture accounting. The table below reflects the reconciliation as at June 30, 2015 for the comparative period:

2015	6 months	As Reported	Variance
Revenue	3,083,889	2,989,580	(94,309)
Continuing Operations Loss	(136,277)	(209,535)	(73,258)
Discontinued Operations Loss	(421,851)	(348,593)	73,258
Net Loss	(558,128)	(558,128)	-

Revenue (operating income plus investment income) was higher by \$108,862 in the second quarter of 2016 (\$1,698,277) compared to the same period in 2015 (\$1,589,415). This is attributable to the expansion of Property Interlink into additional states. Additionally, Property Interlink performed an extraordinarily higher number of final inspections in 2015 than in 2016, which resulted in lower overall net income in that earlier period. All of the primary revenue in the Company is derived from real estate appraisal services in Property Interlink. During the second quarter of 2016, Property Interlink posted \$1.674 million in revenue (3,662 appraisals and final inspections completed) compared to \$1.589 million in the comparable period of 2015 (3,770 appraisals and final inspections completed).

Overall expenses for the second quarter of 2016 increased by approximately 17% over the same quarter in 2015. The operational increase in expense is partially attributable to additional bond and licensing expenses associated with the expansion of Property Interlink into new states (\$17,970 in 2016 compared to \$3,496 in 2015) as well as additional salary and commission expense for increased personnel and expenses for professional services for the Company's restatements of financial statements and MD&As.

**Related Party Transactions** The Company had the following transactions with officers and directors of the Company and private companies controlled by officers and directors of the Company for management consulting and other services required by the Company: The Company incurred \$168,347 in management fees during the six months ended June 30, 2016 (June 30, 2015 - \$120,000) to the COO, CFO and SVP for services provided to the Company. All amounts have been paid

accordingly. Amcap Mortgage Ltd., a customer related by common management, the Chief Executive Officer, accounted for \$2,047,537 in revenue to the Company through June 30, 2016 (June 30, 2015 - \$1,495,484). As at June 30, 2016 \$16,406 (December 31, 2015 – \$82,173) is included in accounts receivable on the condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position.

	% of Q2 2016 Expenses	Q2 2016	Q2 2015	Change	% Change
Salaries and benefits	73.01%	1,407,164	1,212,450	194,714	16.06%
Administrative	12.50%	240,944	115,883	125,061	107.92%
Occupancy	2.57%	49,480	25,295	24,185	95.61%
Professional services	9.00%	173,459	87,560	85,899	98.10%
Depreciation and amortization	2.93%	56,429	50,472	5,957	11.80%
Share based payments	0.00%	-	3,707	(3,707)	-100.00%
Goodwill impairment	0.00%	-	149,301	(149,301)	-100.00%
Total expenses	100.00%	\$ 1,927,476	\$ 1,644,668	\$ 435,816	17.20%

### About our fees

**Appraisal fees** are charged to customers for each appraisal completed. These fees are dependent upon the state in which the property is located, as well as size of property and whether the property is rural or non-rural and other factors common in the industry.

**Final review** fees are charged to customers when repairs or new construction is involved. Similar to appraisal fees, these are dependent upon the state in which the property is located, as well as other factors common in the industry.

## Revenue and Key Performance Metrics

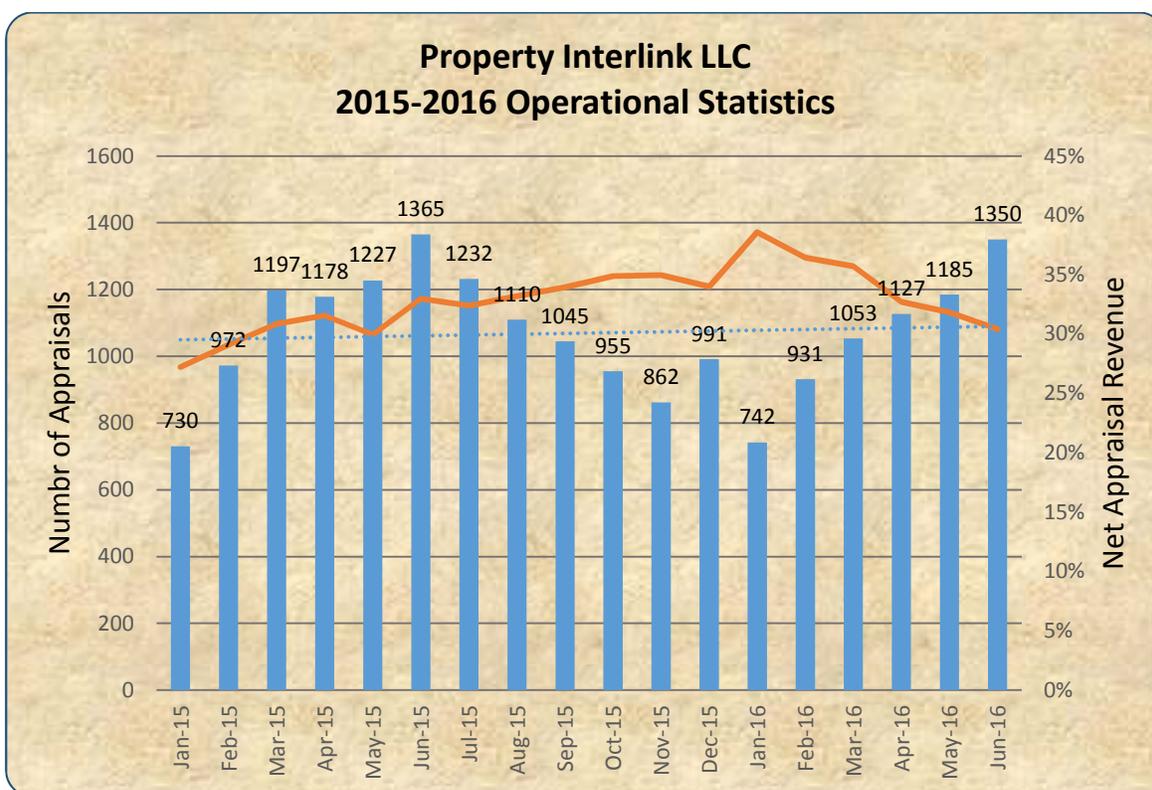
Revenue in Starrex, the parent company, is comprised of interest income only. During the second quarter of 2016, interest income was \$24,059 compared to \$353 during the same period in 2015. The increase is directly associated with the two interest-bearing promissory notes received as consideration for the sale of One Force Staffing, Inc. and Olympia Capital Management, Inc.

One of the Key Performance Indicators (“KPI”) in Property Interlink is the calculation of revenue derived from each appraisal completed and their associated completion times. When monitoring this metric, the wages and independent contractor expenses are subtracted from the total revenue. As the dynamic business model shifts away from assigning appraisals to independent contractors and toward employees of

the Company, this metric will increase, and subsequently, overall net income to the Company should increase.

Revenue for Property Interlink for the three-month period ended June 30, 2016 (\$1,674,218) was \$85,156 higher than the same period in 2015 (\$1,589,062), reflecting a small increase in the revenue even though the number of appraisals and inspections was lower. Property Interlink not only performs appraisals for real estate but also provides inspections, which require significantly less effort and results in a lower fee collected. During times of natural disasters, such as flooding, Property Interlink realizes a shift between the volumes of appraisals and inspections. During the second quarter of 2015, Property Interlink completed 663 inspections, which resulted in a significantly reduced net income for Q2 of 2015 compared to the same period in 2016.

The following depicts changes in net appraisal revenue, as well as monthly appraisal volume for Property Interlink



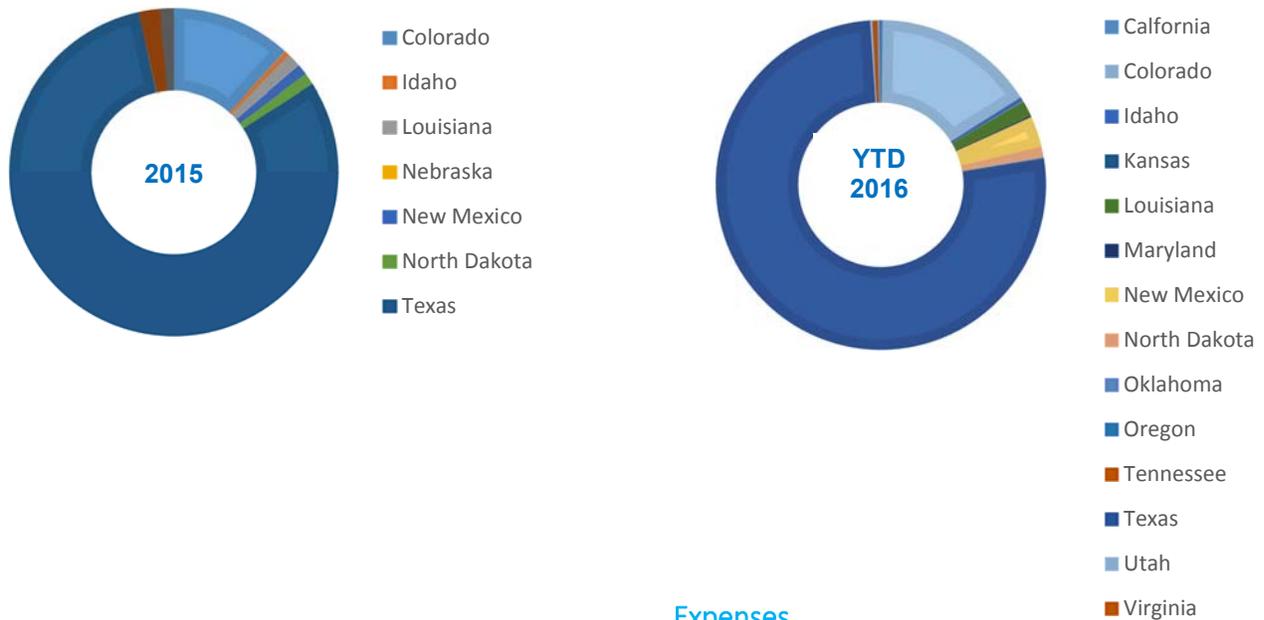
Since the acquisition of Property Interlink in July of 2014, average volume has increased from 730 to 1,078 appraisals per month, reaching a peak of 1,365 in June of 2015. Seasonal cycles in the housing market historically trend lower from October through January and higher during the second and third quarters. Monthly volumes in the first six months of 2016 were comparable to the corresponding monthly volumes in the first six months of 2015.

Net revenue per appraisal at the time of acquisition was 27%. With the shift in business model to staff appraisals margins initially increased and then have remained stable at between 31-36% for each month in 2016.

The graph above depicts total number of appraisals performed month over month, as well as the difference between revenue received for appraisals and expenses directly associated with the completion of the appraisals.



The following illustrates revenue by state concentration



Appraisals in Texas comprised 80% of the total volume in 2015 with a composition of 76% in the first half of 2016. Property Interlink currently works most closely with a large mortgage originations company domiciled in Houston, Texas. As a result, Texas generated \$2,972,733 in revenue in the first half of 2016. Colorado follows with \$474,470 in revenue for the first half of 2016.

New Mexico continues to increase in volume. Year to date, Property Interlink derived \$89,725 in revenue in New Mexico versus \$35,360 for the same period last year.

Colorado and Louisiana also have nearly doubled in revenue during the same comparative period.

Management considers 2016 to be a development year for Property Interlink as the entity deploys working capital to expand the business base, which will ultimately result in a nationwide appraisal management company in the United States.

### Expenses

During the second quarter of 2016, our expenses were \$1.93 million, which is \$140,460 higher than anticipated during normal course of business due in large part to professional fees associated with the restatement of our 2014 Annual Financial Statements, as well as interim financial statements for the first three quarters of 2015, along with communications with the Ontario Securities Commission regarding same. When comparing the same period in 2015, expenses for the second quarter of 2016 were higher by \$282,808 (2015 - \$1,644,668).

As a percent of revenue, appraisal expenses were 59% for the period, as compared to 69% during the same period in 2015. Property Interlink consistently and diligently recruits new staff appraisers to facilitate the staff appraisal model instead of hiring independent contractors to perform these services, where realized revenue to the Company is significantly decreased.

Depreciation and amortization expenses were significantly higher in the second quarter of 2016 than the same period in 2015. This is due to the intangible assets allocated through the purchase of Property Interlink and its Heinen & Associates, LLC and Brownlee Appraisal Services, Inc. divisions.

## Liquidity and financial position

A discussion of our liquidity, cash flows, financing activities and changes in our financial position

### Liquidity

#### Cash

At June 30, 2016, Starrex held \$160,725 in cash, a small change from \$176,457 as at December 31, 2015.

At June 30, 2016, the Company had current assets of \$507,932 (\$633,228 at year-end in 2015) and current liabilities of \$834,259 (\$529,880 at year-end in 2015). Assets and liabilities remain stable, as expected, as Property Interlink has not made further acquisitions and has just begun expanding into new states. The increase in current liabilities was due in large part to the increased expenses associated with the review and restatement of the Company's financial statements.

#### Cash flows

By the end of the second quarter of 2016, cash flows from operating activities produced an inflow of \$46,605, which is entirely attributable to the appraisal management subsidiary, Property Interlink. During the same six-month period in 2015, the Company used \$556,765 in operating activities.

The Company used \$25,637 for the expansion of Property Interlink during the period on prepaid licensing and bond expenses that will be recovered as the Company begins to operate in these new states.

### Financial position

The following is a discussion of the significant changes in our Statement of financial position.

#### Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables were \$2,203,730 at June 30, 2016 (\$2,338,932 at December 31, 2015).

Of the total outstanding receivables, \$1,930,000 are long-term promissory notes associated with the sale of Olympia Capital Management, Inc. and One Force Staffing, Inc. Current accounts receivable as at June 30, 2016 were \$273,730 compared to \$408,932 as at December 31, 2015, showing an improvement in collections.

For additional information on Notes Receivable, see Note 9 of the Q2 Restated Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### Property, plant and equipment & Intangible assets

The development of intangible assets consumed \$9,809 by the end of the second quarter of 2016, with \$2,707 in property, plant or equipment purchases (2015 - \$95,124 intangibles, \$66,692 in property, plant and equipment purchases).

## 2016 Budget Approach

The Company is focused on increasing shareholder value, as well as fiscal responsibility while investing in the acquisition of real estate-based entities that complement Property Interlink.

The Company considers Property Interlink to still be in development while the subsidiary spends working capital to expand its regulatory operating footprint within the United States. The additional spend associated with this expansion is expected to be completed by the end of 2016.

Given the anticipated accounting and legal expenses for the parent, the Company, on a consolidated basis, does not expect to post positive net income on a consolidated basis until the fourth quarter of 2016 or the first quarter of 2017.

## Critical accounting estimates

Judgments, estimates and assumptions related to preparing IFRS financial statements.

The preparation of financial statements consistent with IFRS requires that management make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities for the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses for the periods. Although the estimates are based on management's best knowledge of the amount, event or actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates.

Areas where estimates are significant to these consolidated financial statements are as follows:

- Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if there is an indication of impairment. The carrying value of intangible assets with definite lives (software, trade name and customer relationships) and equipment is reviewed each reporting period to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is impaired and an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss. The assessment of fair value requires the use of estimates and assumptions related to future operating performance and discount rates, differences in estimates and assumptions could have a significant impact on the financial statements (see Note 7 of the Q2 financial statements).

- Significant judgment is involved in the determination of useful life for the computation of depreciation of equipment and amortization of intangible assets. No assurance can be given that actual useful lives will not differ significantly from current assumptions.
- Significant judgment is involved in the assessment of the recoverable amount of the notes receivable (see Note 9 of the Q2 financial statements).
- Applying the acquisition method to business combinations requires each identifiable asset and liability to be measured at its acquisition date fair value. The excess, if any, of the fair value of consideration over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recognized as goodwill. The determination of acquisition date fair values often requires management to make assumptions and estimates about future events. The assumptions with respect to fair value of intangible assets requires a high degree of judgment and include estimates for future operating performance, discount rates, technology migration factors and terminal value rates.

## Risks and risk management

Risks and uncertainties facing us, and how we manage these risks

### Business Risk

Starrex has established policies and procedures to identify, manage and control operational and business risks that may impact our financial position and our ability to continue ordinary operations. Management is responsible for ongoing control and mitigation of operational risk by ensuring the appropriate policies, procedures and internal controls are implemented, as well as ensuring that compliance measures are undertaken.

See "Risks and risk management" in our MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2015.

### Financial Risk

The Company maintains strong internal controls, including management oversight at both the parent and subsidiary levels, to provide reasonable assurance of financial reporting reliability and preparation of financial statements for external purposes consistent with IFRS.

## Internal Control over financial reporting

### A summary of our internal control review results

During the year, the Company's internal control processes are reviewed and updated as necessary. During the period ended June 30, 2016, no significant deficiencies in internal control were identified.

Due to the fact that the Company was required to restate its 2014 Audited Financial Statements as a result of differences in the determination of fair value measurement associated with the acquisition of subsidiaries during July of 2014, additional procedures and controls associated with valuation and subsequent impairment have been put in place to mitigate any future errors. This may include the engagement of a third party subject matter expert to assist in the determination of future purchase price allocations, and fair value measurements.

Due to the fact that the Company was required to restate its 2015 Audited Financial Statements related to divestitures in 2015, additional procedures and controls have been put in place to mitigate any future errors.

## Share Capital

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares.

Issued	Number of common shares		Amount
<b>Balance, December 31, 2014</b>	<b>14,430,827</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>6,678,321</b>
Acquisition <sup>(1)</sup>	50,000		67,330
<b>Balance December 31, 2015 and June 30, 2016</b>	<b>14,480,827</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>6,745,651</b>

	Number of options		Weighted average exercise price
<b>Outstanding, December 31, 2014</b>	750,000	<b>\$</b>	0.23
Cancelled	(100,000)		0.18
Granted	100,000		1.23
<b>Outstanding, December 31, 2015 and June 30, 2016</b>	750,000	<b>\$</b>	0.33

The Company has a stock option plan (the "Plan") that enables its directors, officers, employees, consultants, and advisors to acquire common shares of the Company from treasury at any time within a fixed period of time from the date on which the options are granted (usually 5 years) at an exercise price set at the time the options are granted. Under the terms of the Plan, the directors can grant options totaling up to 10% of the number of common shares outstanding. The following table shows the number of options currently outstanding and their respective exercise prices and expiry dates.

	Common Shares Under option	Number of Options Vested	Exercise <sup>(0)</sup> Price	Expiry Date
Granted May 21, 2013	50,000 <sup>(1)</sup>	50,000	\$ 0.14 <sup>(4)</sup>	May 21, 2018
Granted April 17, 2014	550,000 <sup>(2)</sup>	550,000	0.18 <sup>(5)</sup>	April 17, 2019
Granted May 29, 2014	50,000 <sup>(3)</sup>	50,000	0.41 <sup>(6)</sup>	May 29, 2019
Granted August 25, 2015	100,000 <sup>(7)</sup>	100,000	1.23 <sup>(8)</sup>	September 1, 2020

<sup>(0)</sup> Exercise prices are stated in US dollars converted from Canadian dollars at June 30, 2016.

<sup>(1)</sup> A Director of the Company holds these options. They are fully vested.

<sup>(2)</sup> Directors of the Company hold these options. They are fully vested.

<sup>(3)</sup> A Consultant of the Company holds these options. They are fully vested.

<sup>(4)</sup> The exercise price is CAD \$0.20.

<sup>(5)</sup> The exercise price is CAD \$0.25.

<sup>(6)</sup> The exercise price is CAD \$0.57.

<sup>(7)</sup> An Executive Officer of the Company holds these options. They are fully vested.

<sup>(8)</sup> The exercise price is CAD \$1.70.